



# The Role of Rules in CEP<sup>^</sup> and Rule Standards



**TIBCO**<sup>®</sup>  
The Power of Now<sup>®</sup>

**Paul Vincent,**  
**CTO Business Rules and CEP, TIBCO Software**



# Presenter

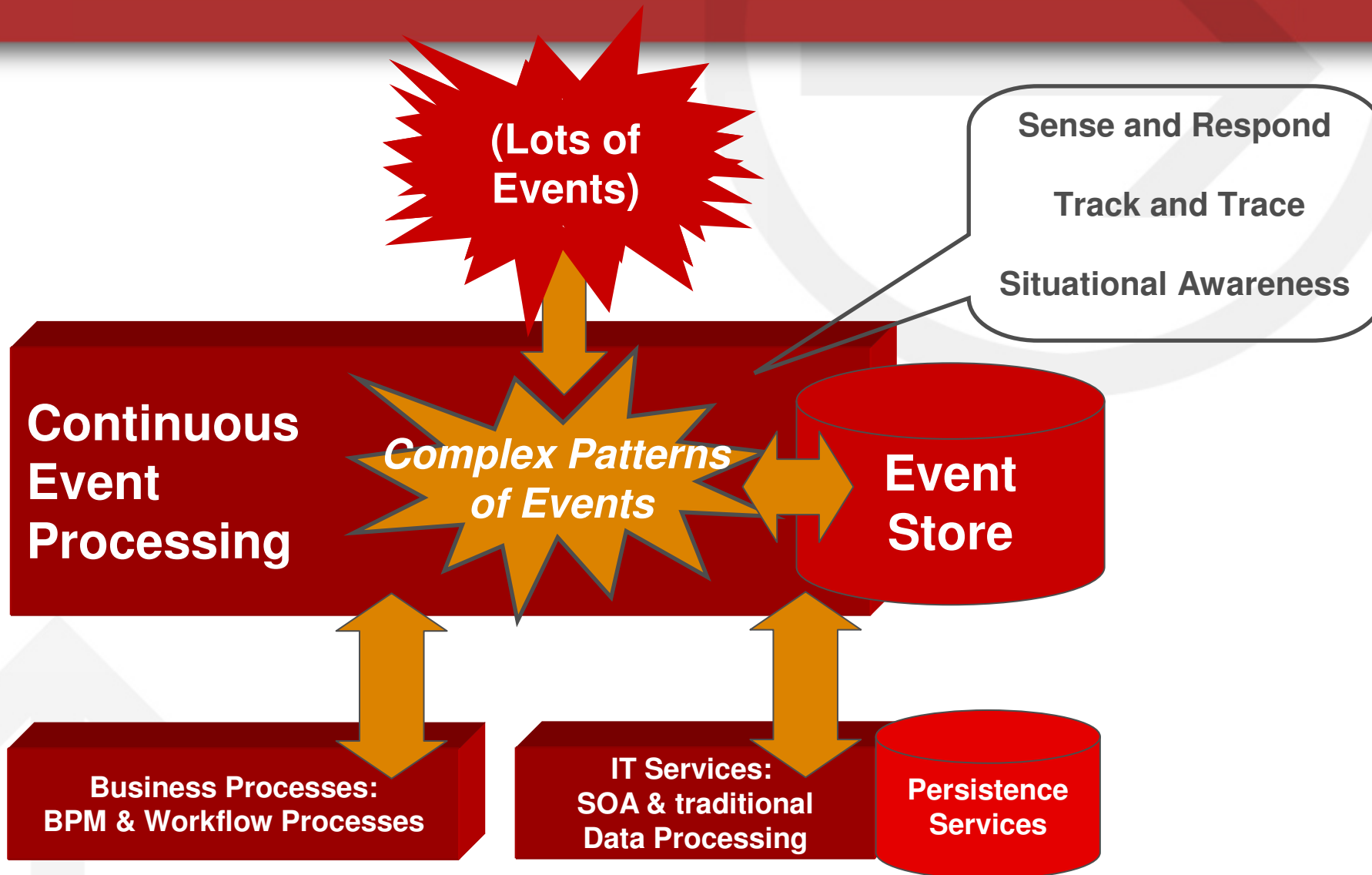
- **Paul Vincent,** MSc, BSc, MBCS, CEng

- Business Rules and Complex Event Processing specialist
- Contributor to relevant standards (OMG PRR, W3C RIF) and industry consortia (EPTS)
- Contributor to <http://tibcoblogs.com/cep/>

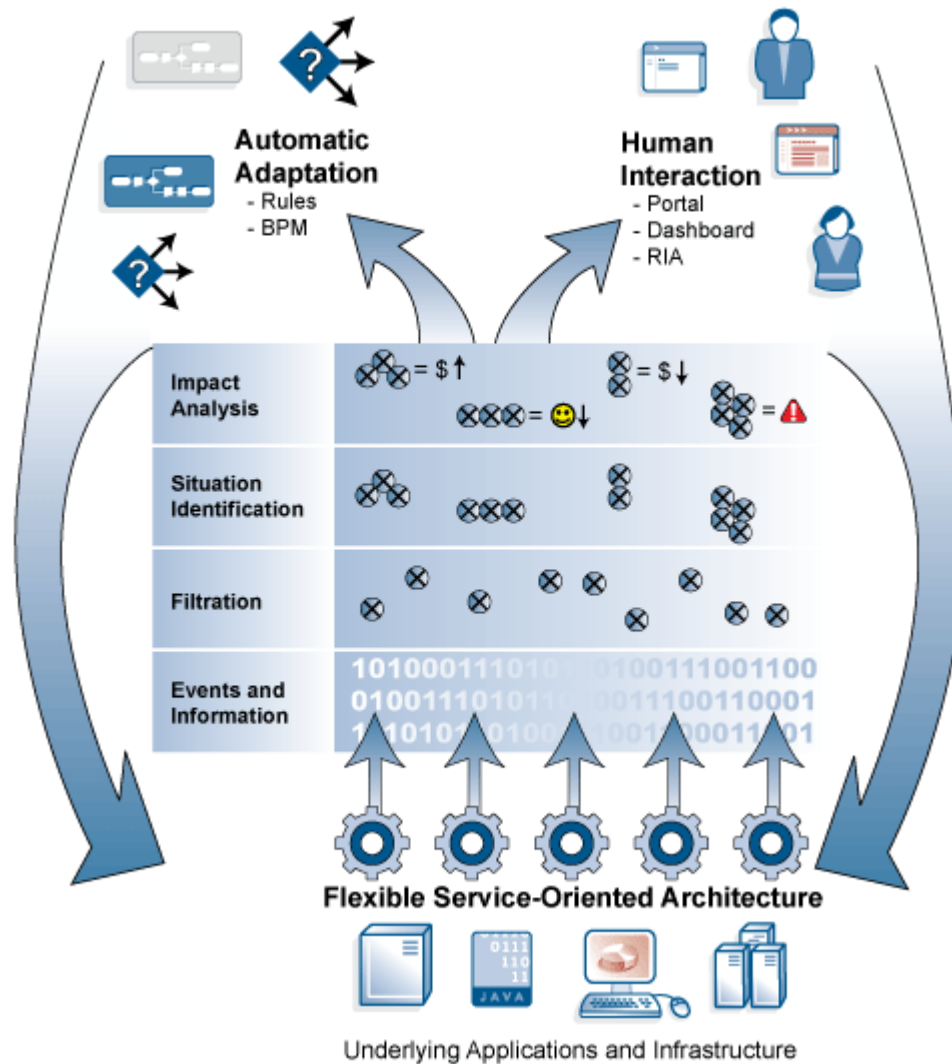
- **TIBCO Software**

- Provides enterprise software that helps companies achieve service-oriented architecture (SOA) and business process management (BPM) success
- Over 3,000 customers and offices in 40 countries
- 3 main technology areas: SOA, BPM and Business Optimization
  - CEP: TIBCO BusinessEvents
  - CEP Customers: Telco, Finance, Manufacturing/RFID, Transport/Logistics
- Contributor to / member of OMG, OASIS, W3C, etc

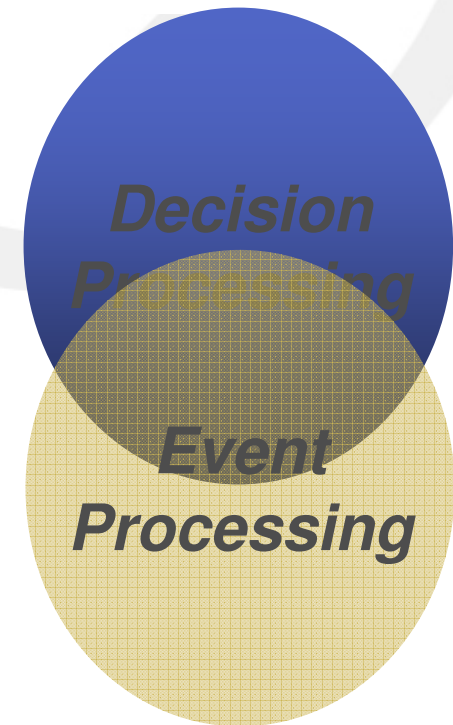
# Complex Event Processing



# Complex Event Processing



Processing type:

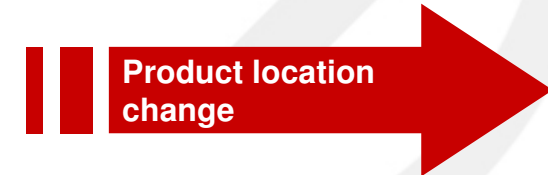


# Complex Business Problems

## ■ Fraud / Theft

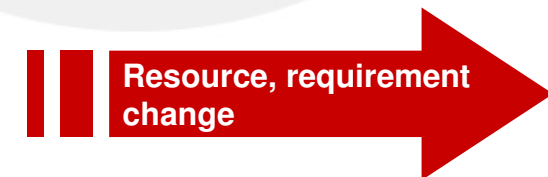
- Thousands-to-millions of high-value small-size product items or transactions
- How do you identify known patterns of “suspicious” behavior?

Relevant event of interest



## ■ Logistics / Scheduling

- Raw material, production & delivery scheduling and resources are complex and prone to change
- How do we reallocate resources to handle business and production changes?



## ■ Activity Monitoring

- Complex production and supply process with multiple actors
- How to measure and action Key Performance Indicators?



# Associated Events

## ■ Positive Events

- Product item X arrives at Production station S from Store T
- Production worker Y arrives at Production station S
- Production contract for item Z by time T is posted



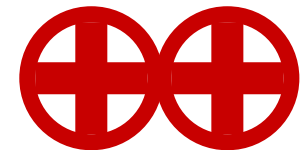
## ■ Negative Events

- Product item X has been in transit to Store T for >15 minutes
- Subcomponent Y hasn't arrived at the Production station by the ETA
- Delivery of contract Z has not taken place



## ■ Sets of Events

- 5+ items of Product item type Y failed to arrive at destination
- Supplier Y was 5 mins late for 1 delivery, but made it early to the next
- Return rate on component Z exceeds SLA %



# Significant features of these Events

## ■ Time Sensitivity

- A thief may leave the building at the same time as stolen product
- A product should take 40 minutes to travel a given production line segment



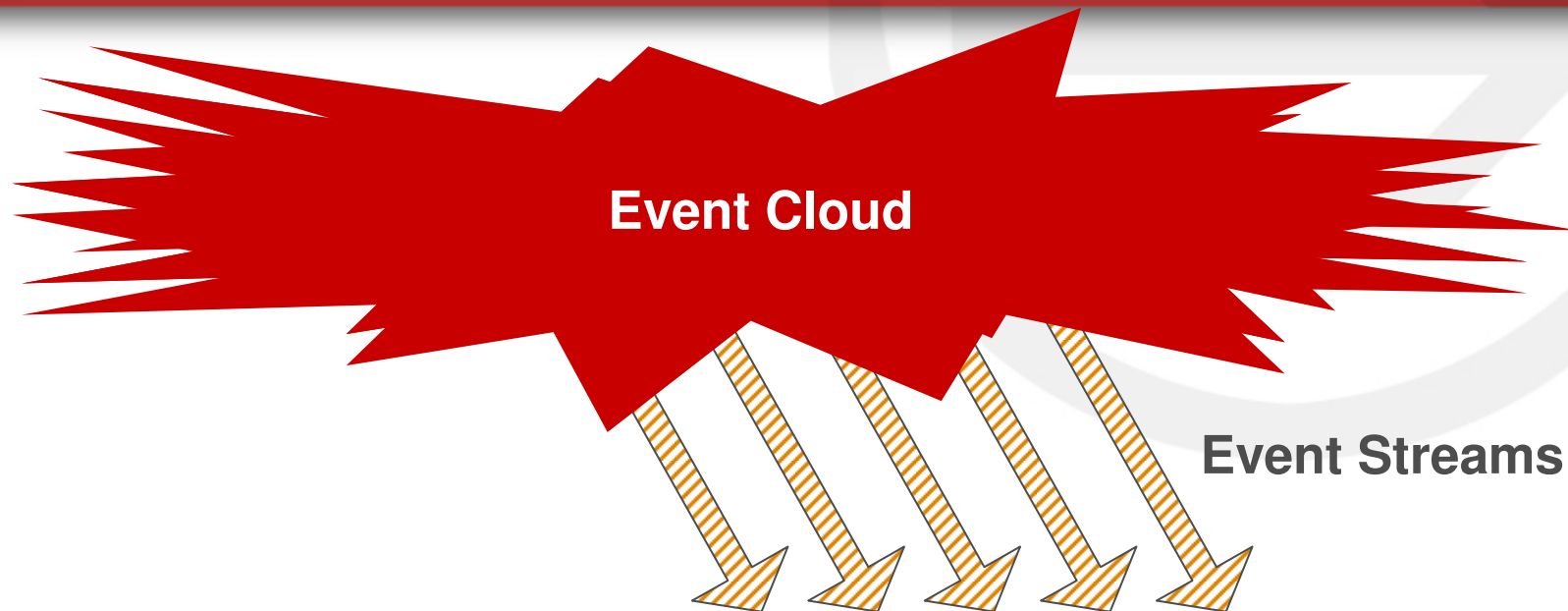
## ■ Distributed Event Sources

- A series of produced items fails at various QA stages, and their common attribute was a storage location
- Multiple suppliers for a subcomponent are reporting delivery delays





## CEP Technologies are diverse



- CEP applies pattern detection (including filtration) to the event cloud / streams / history thereof
- Multiple modelling + execution paradigms available for pattern detection
- No single standard likely to suffice





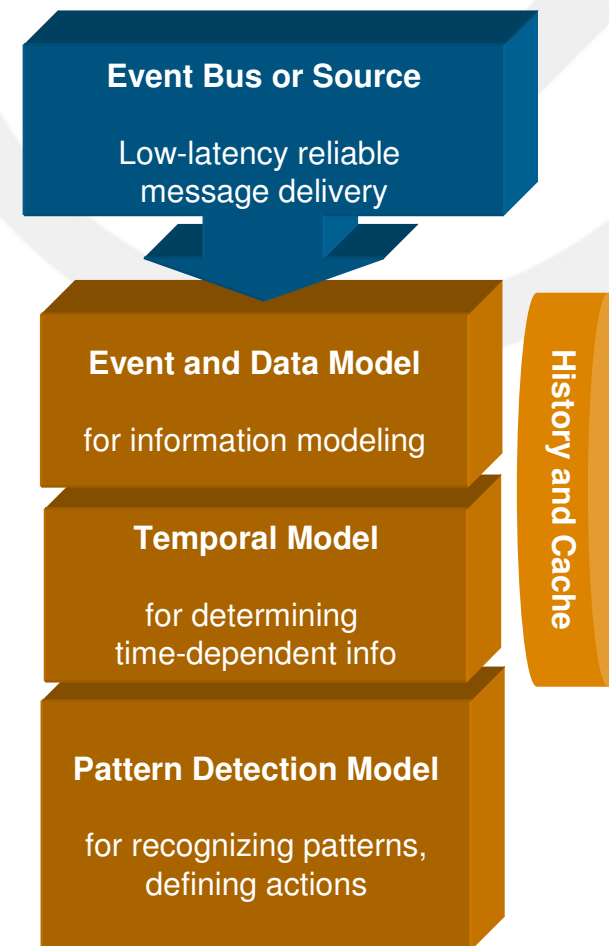
# “Requirements for CEP Technology”

- **Access and Monitor the “Event Cloud”**

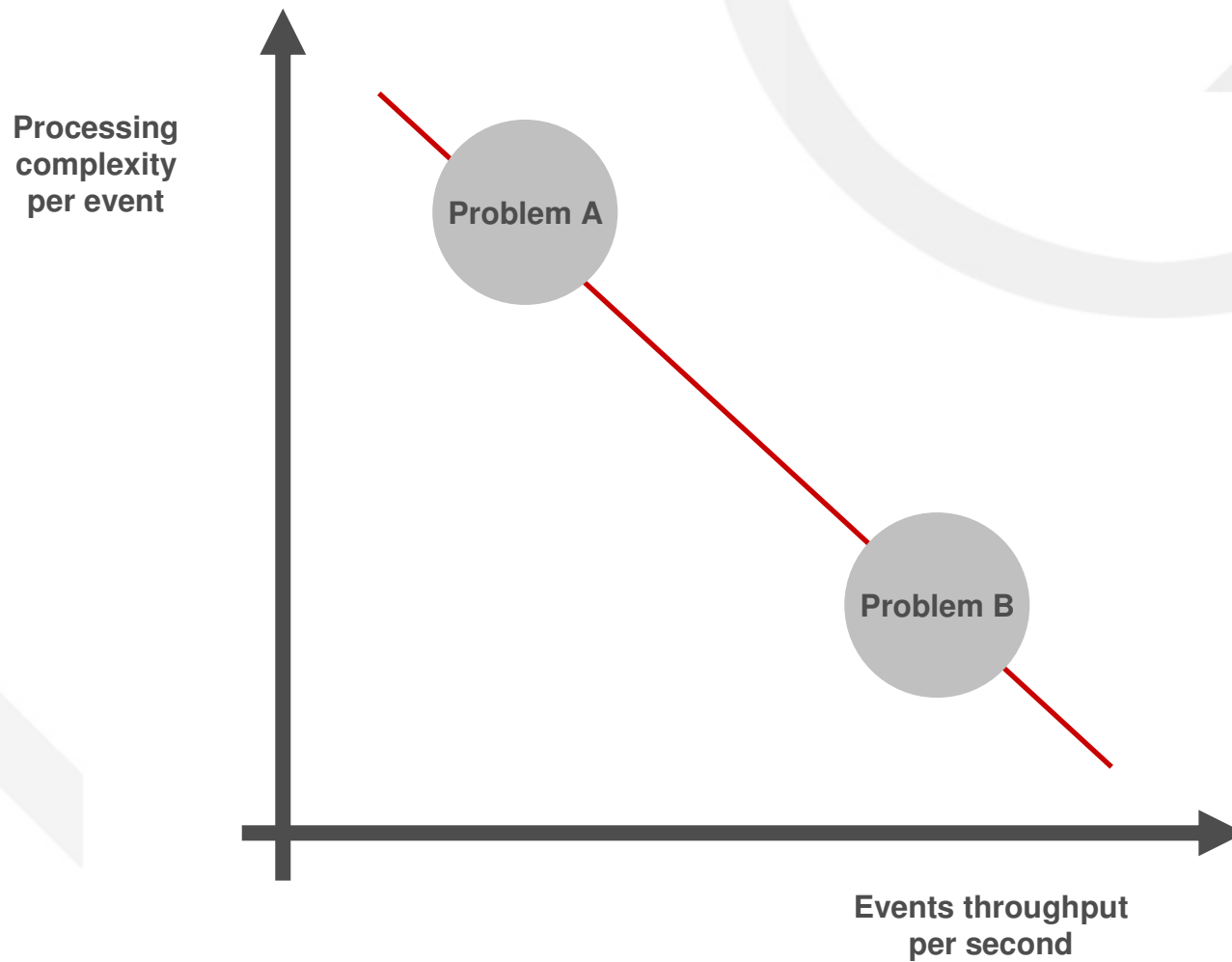
- JMS, RV, MQ, TCP/IP, etc...
- Timers to detect lack of events
- Determine event state changes

- **Match Patterns, Apply Business Logic**

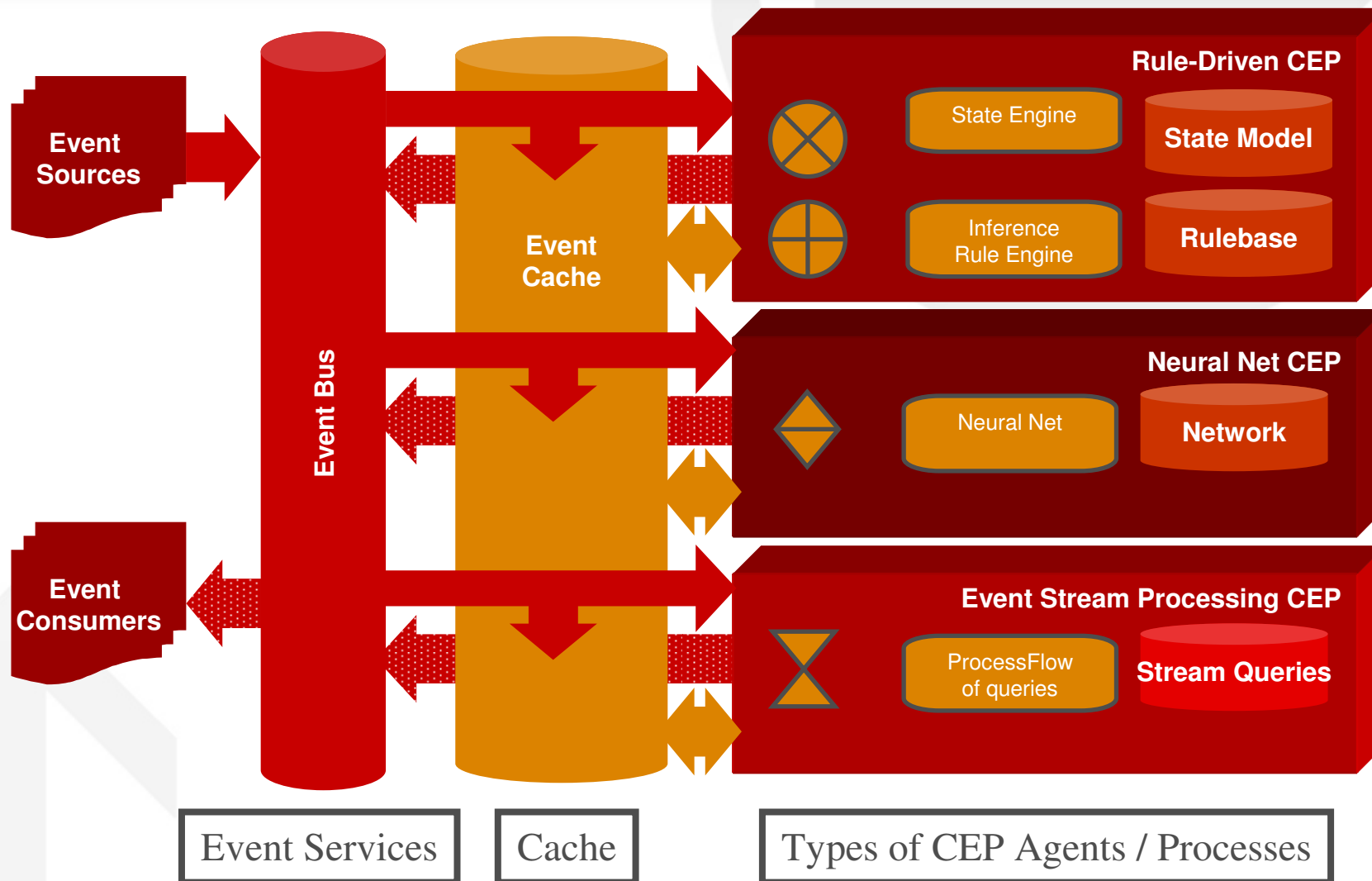
- Detect events
- Detect event patterns
- Maintain State and Facts over time
- Update Detection algorithms as events change



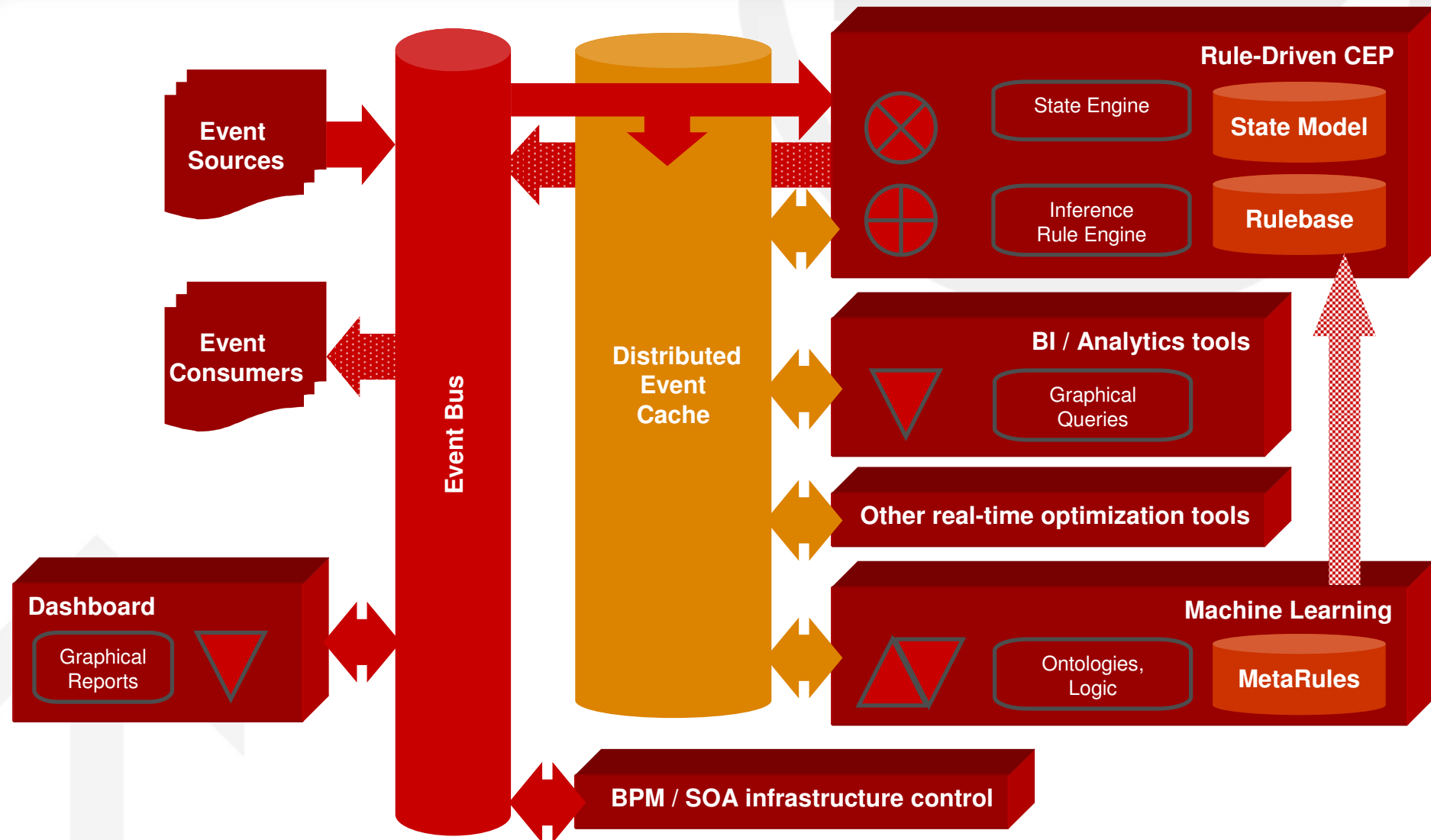
# CEP Problem Characteristics



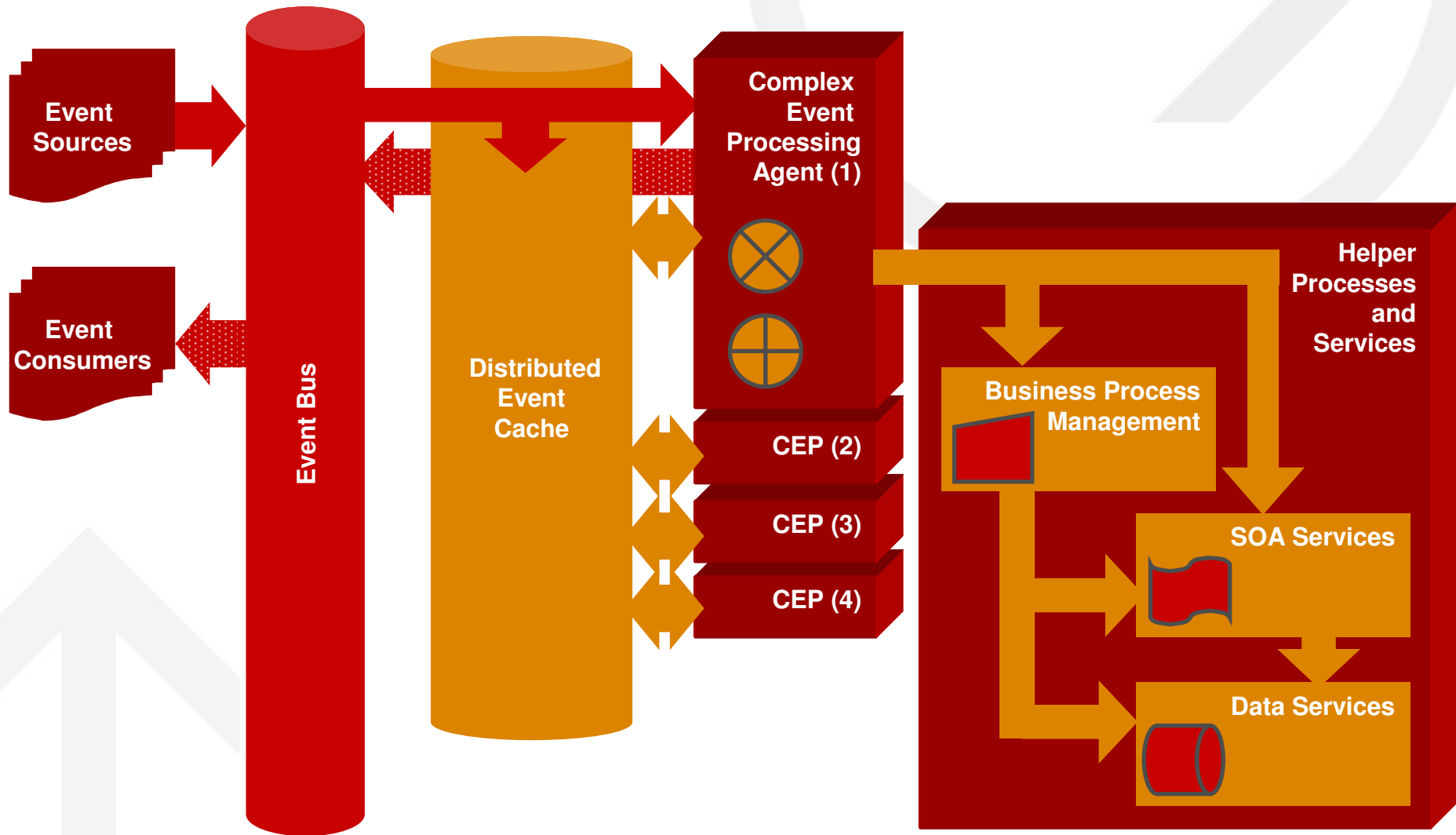
# Different CEP Implementations



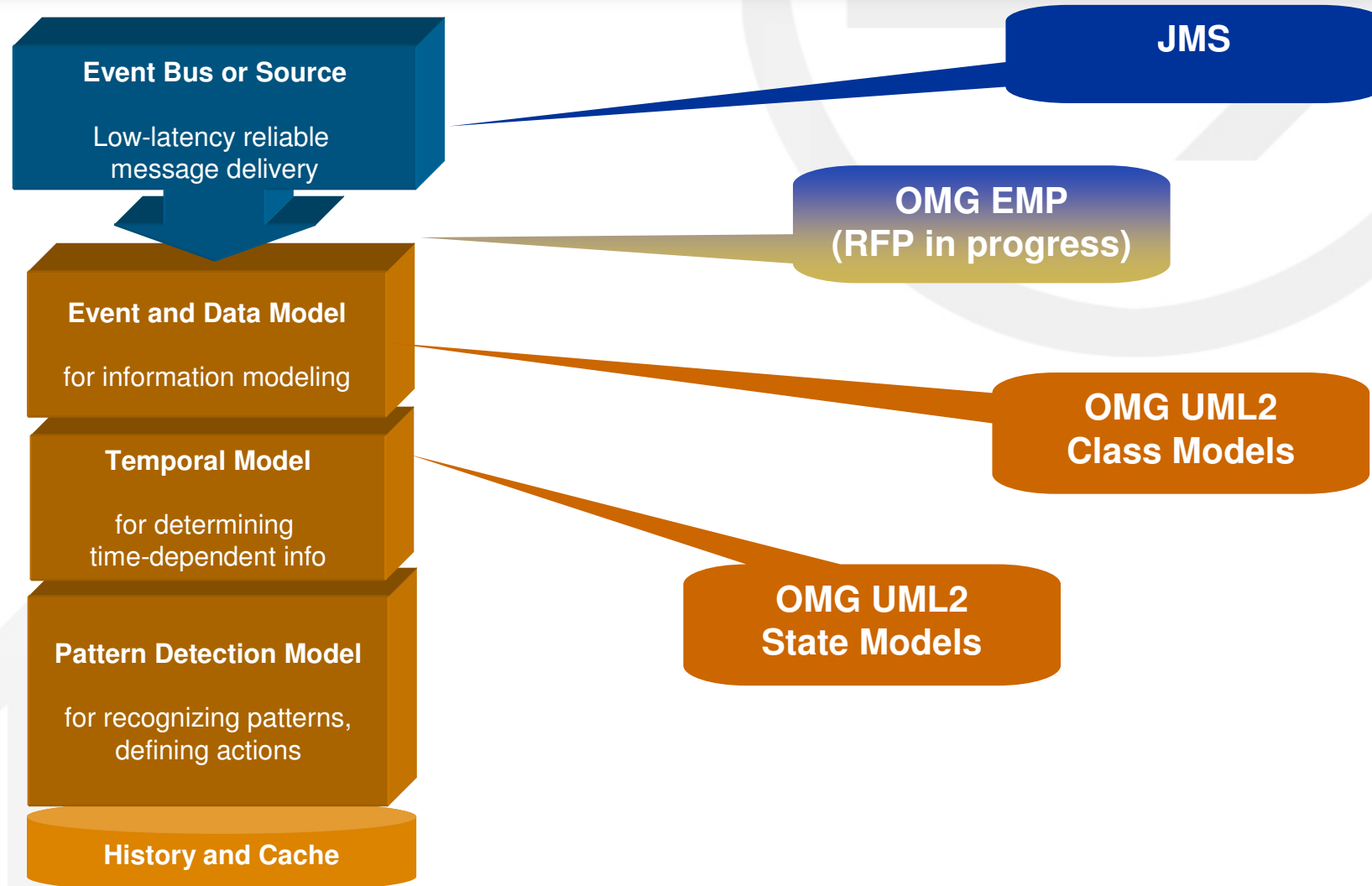
# Advanced CEP Architectures



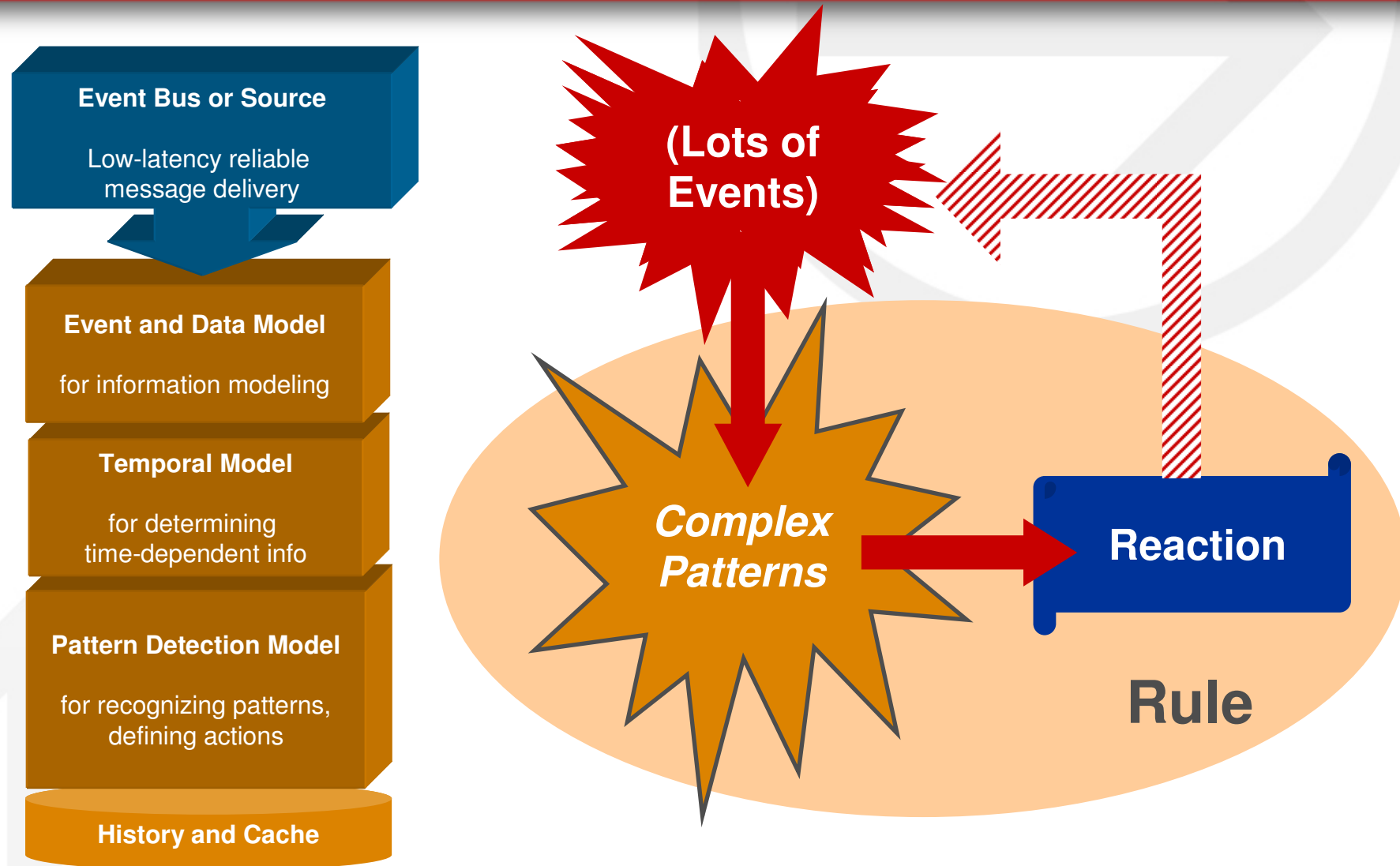
# CEP and Other Architectures



# Example Related Standards

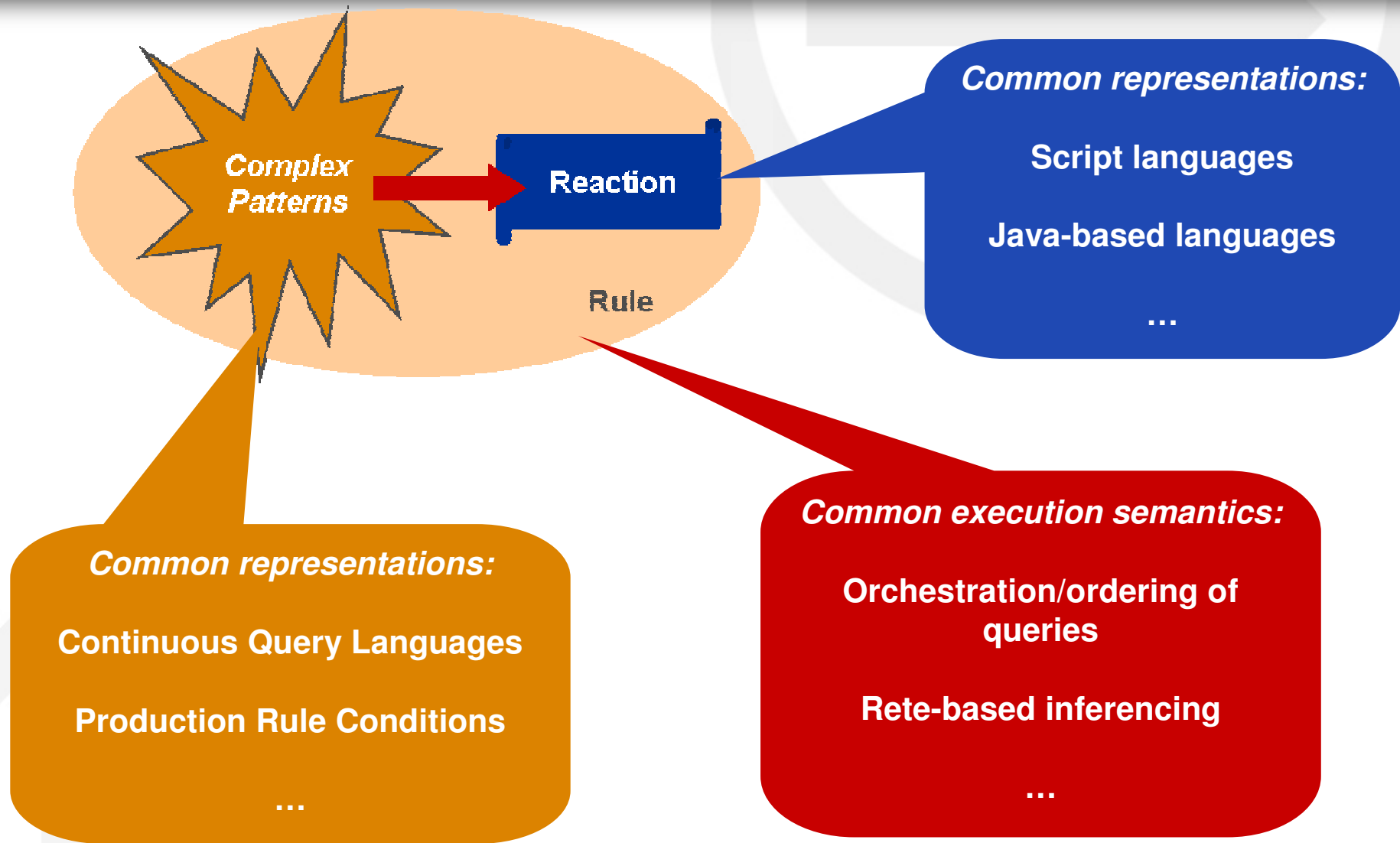


# Rule-oriented view of CEP Patterns

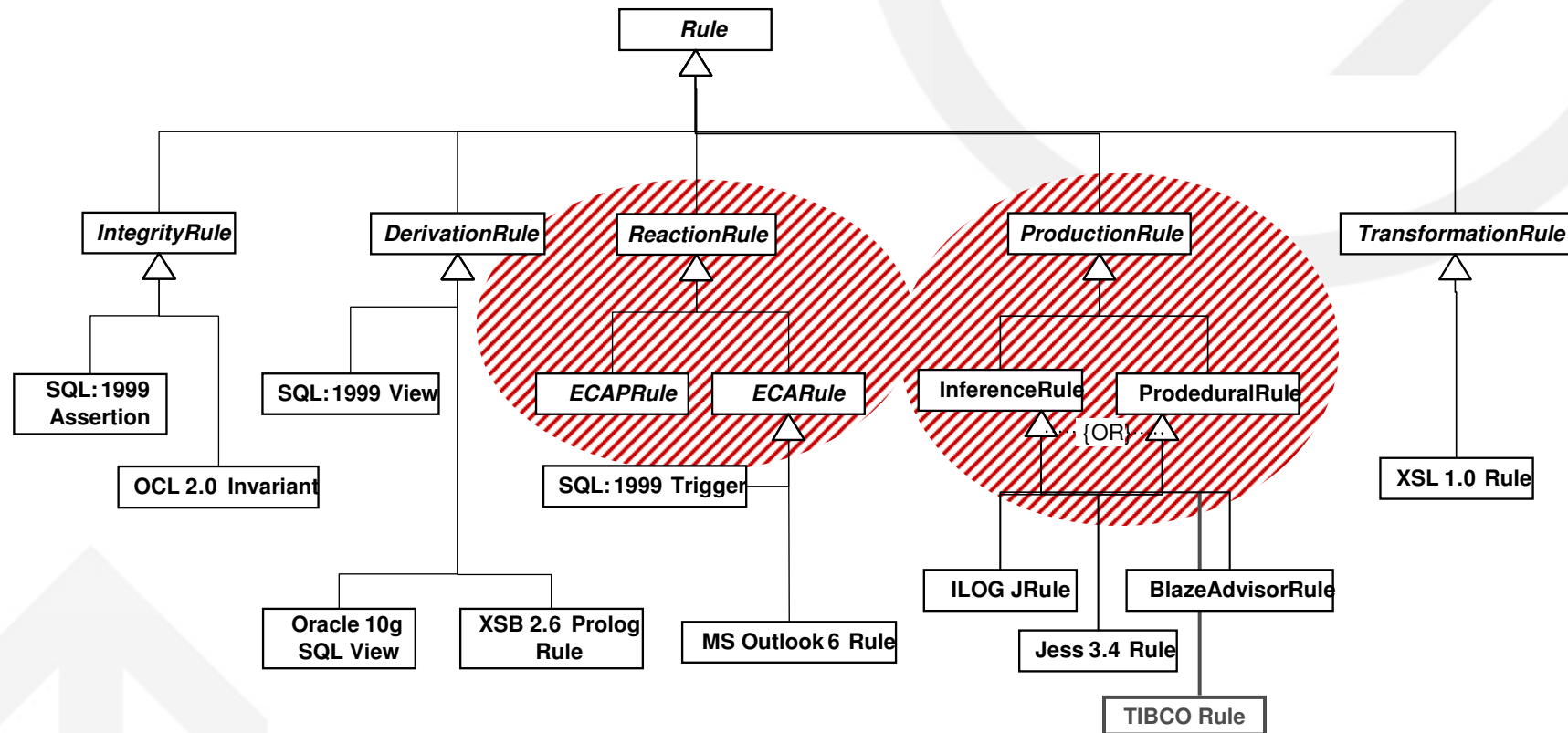




# Rule Representation options



# Rule types for CEP



Rule classification  
per Gerd Wagner, RuleML

# Current Standards for Rules (per OMG MDA)

## Model Driven Architecture (MDA)

Computation  
Independent  
Models (CIM)

**Business Models**

**Semantics for Business  
Vocabulary and Rules (SBVR)**

Platform  
Independent  
Models (PIM)

**UML Models**

**Production Rule  
Representation  
(PRR)**

Platform  
Specific  
Models (PSM)

**UML Models -  
platform specific**

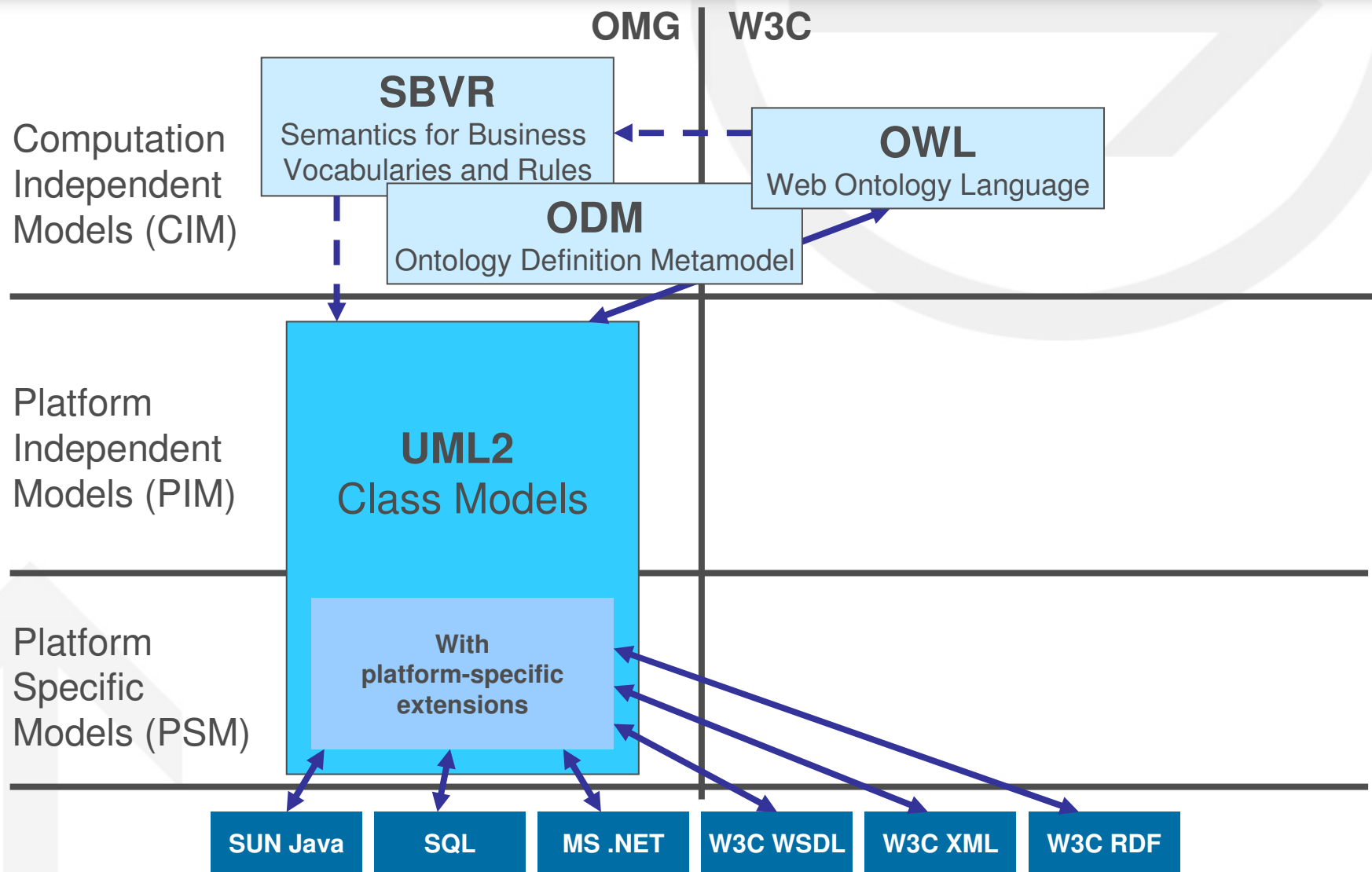
**Rule  
Interchange Format  
(RIF)**

**Code / Execution**

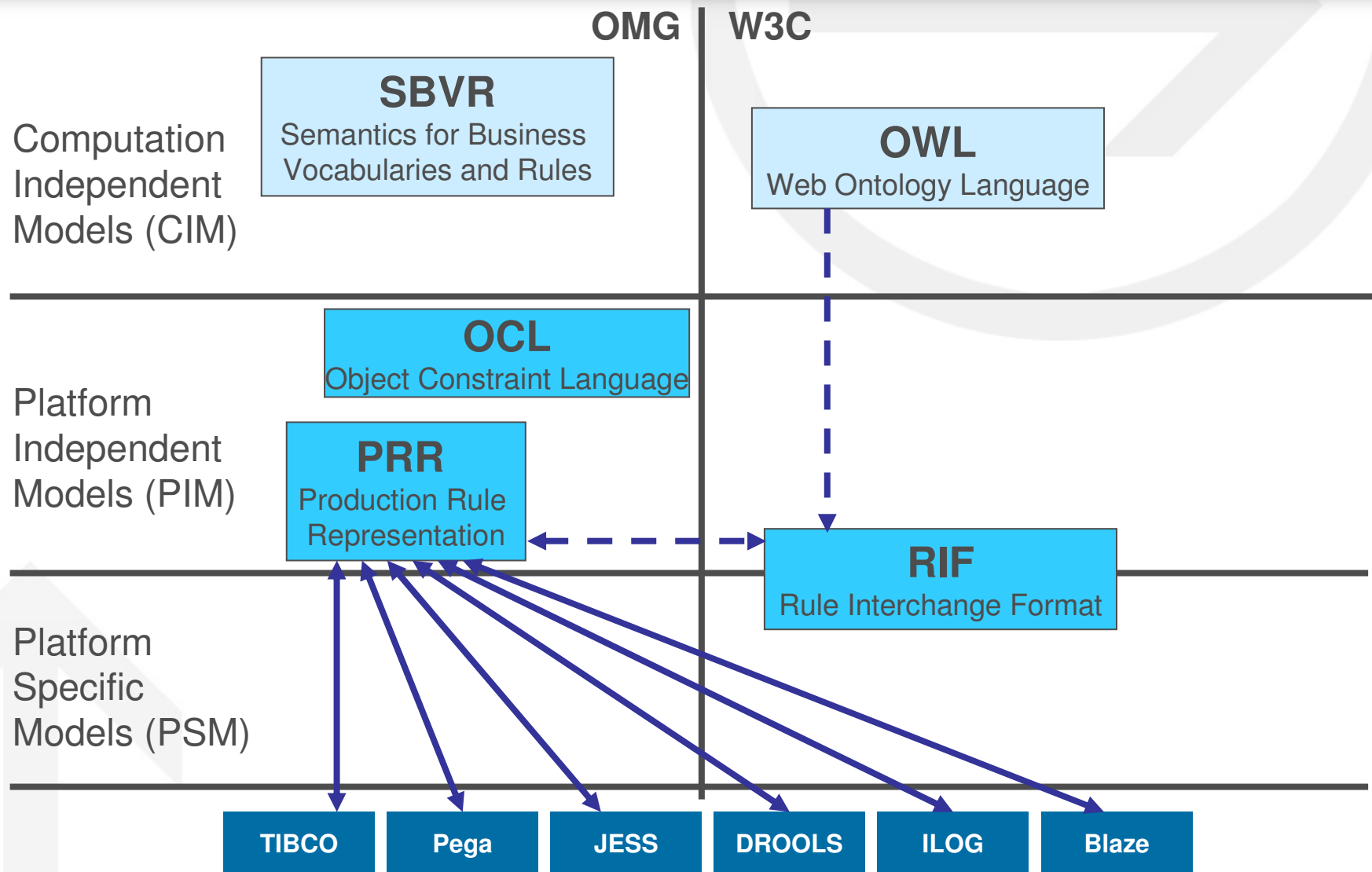
**JSR-94**

Top-down analysis and development

# OMG MDA and Class/Object/Data Models

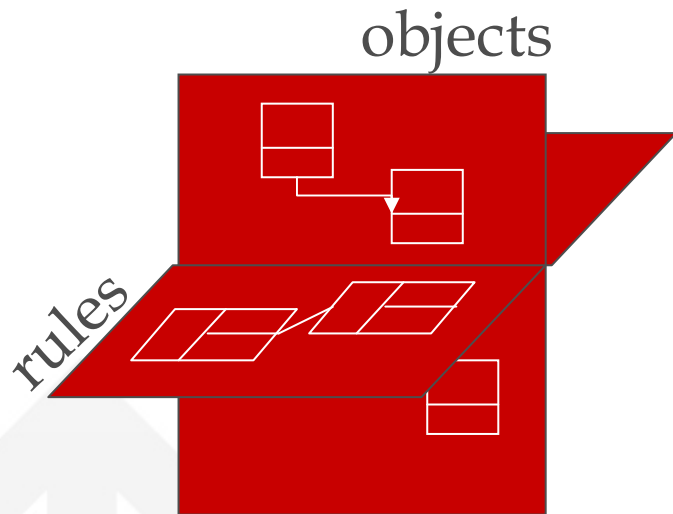


# OMG MDA and Rule Models



# MDA PIM: OMG PRR

Production Rule  
Representation  
(PRR)



## ► Formal UML model for production rules

- Defined in UML
- Extends UML so production rules are **1<sup>st</sup> class citizens** alongside objects

## ► Vendor-neutral UML-friendly rule representation

- Rules specified via tools, not manually!

## ► 2 rule “semantics” (types):

1. Forward chaining inference rules (e.g. Rete-model)
2. Sequentially processed procedural rules (e.g. scripts)

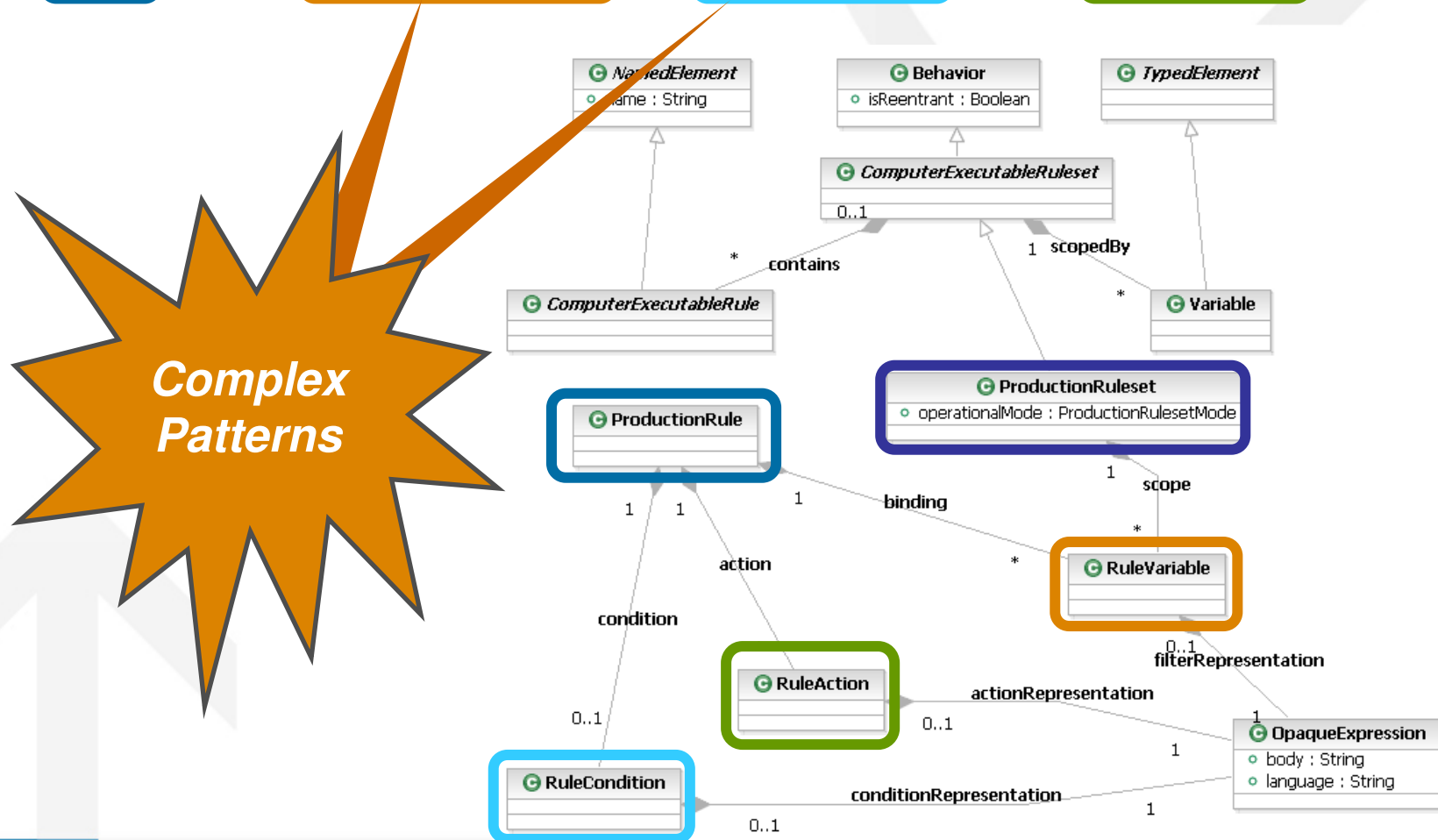
## ► Import/export for rule modeling

- XML between UML tools and BREs



# PRR metamodel

- **Ruleset** = collection of Rule
- **Rule** is (for **RuleVariables**) if **<Condition>** then **<Actions>**





# MDA PSM: W3C Rule Interchange Format

Rule  
Interchange Format  
(RIF)

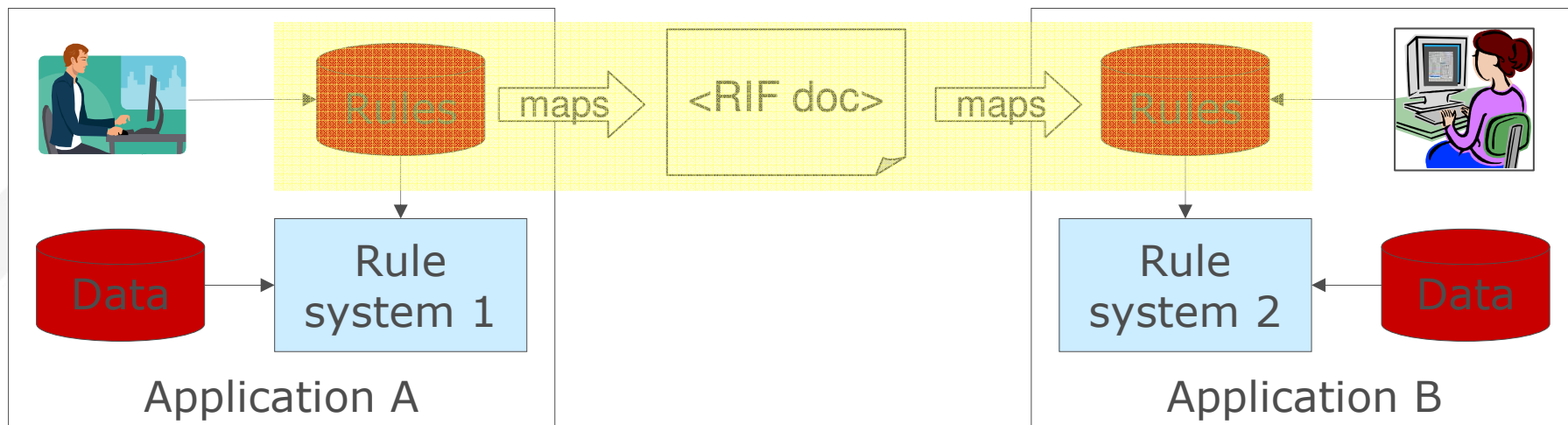
- ▶ Rule Interchange Format proposed as a cross-vendor and cross-rule-type rule interchange representation
- ▶ Consortium of developers and researchers from the
  - ▶ rule vendor community (TIBCO, Fair Isaac, Ilog, Oracle, etc)
  - ▶ research community (RuleML.org, DERI, REWERSE, IBM R&D, etc)
  - ▶ end-user community (MISMO, Betfair, MITRE, etc)
  - ▶ CEP members include TIBCO, Prova



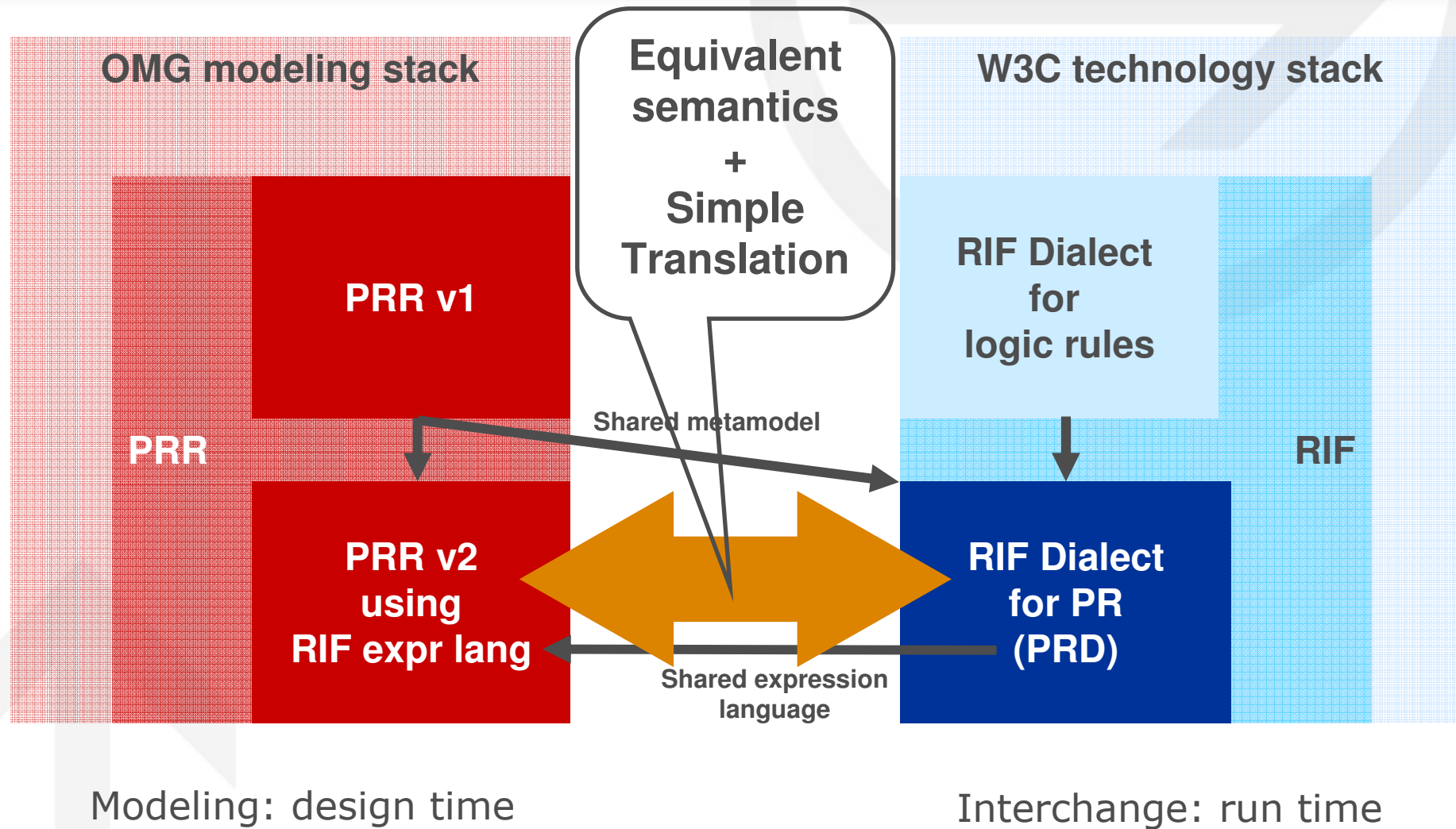
# RIF = Superset rule language

## ■ A format (but actually a language itself)

- Allows rules written for one application to be published, shared, and re-used in other applications and other rule engines.
- Part of W3C's larger mission of enabling the sharing of information in forms suited to machine processing
- Includes semantic web rule languages as well as commercial tools

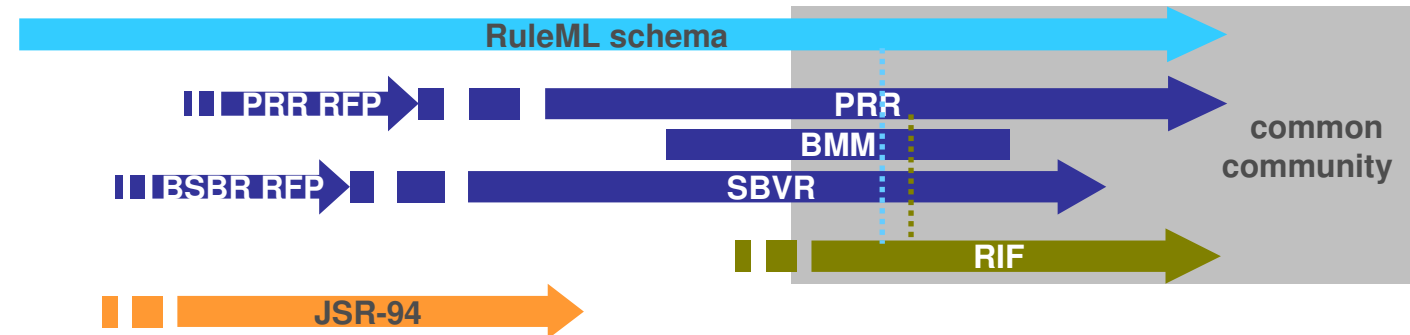
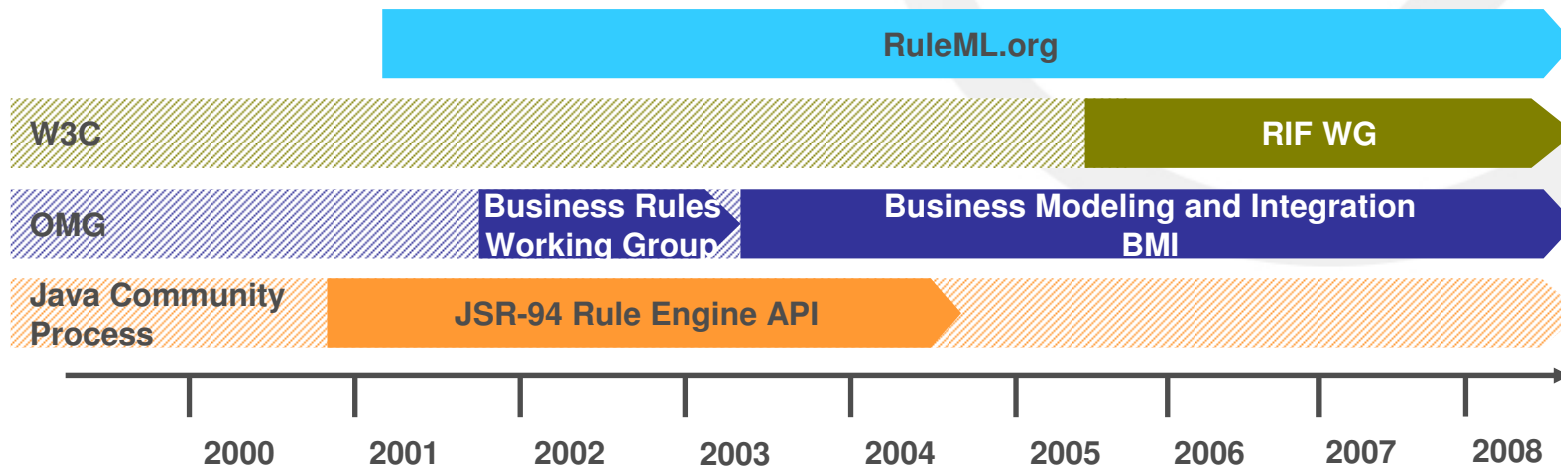


# Equivalences in PRR and RIF



# Timeline for Rule Stds

## Organizations



## Standards

## Summary

- **Rules are a relevant pattern for CEP modeling + implementation**
- **Rule standards now in development by a large, active community**
  - CEP members include: TIBCO, Prova
  - Vendors involved who have other groups doing CEP: Oracle, IBM
  - Standardization process improves communication among vendors, academics → better understanding of rules and rule uses
- **PRR and RIF PRD kept in sync by common membership**
- **Timescale: PRR1.0 finalization, PRD Draft in 2008**

# The End

## Q&A

## References & Q&A

- **OMG = <http://www.omg.org>**
  - OMG BMI = <http://bmi.omg.org/>  
includes the Business Rules Working Group (PRR and SBVR standards)  
as well as BPMI (BPMN standard)
  - OMG PRR details [OMG only] =  
[http://www.omg.org/techprocess/meetings/schedule/Prod. Rule Representation RFP.html](http://www.omg.org/techprocess/meetings/schedule/Prod.Rule.Representation.RFP.html)
- **W3C = <http://www.w3.org>**
  - W3C RIF = <http://www.w3.org/2005/rules/wg>
- **Java JSR-94 = <http://www.jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=94>**
- **Academic Community**
  - RuleML = <http://www.ruleml.org/>
  - Related EU projects: <http://reverse.net/>